

# Hepatitis C Direct-Acting Antivirals

## **Goals:**

- Approve use of cost-effective treatments supported by the medical evidence.
- Provide consistent patient evaluations across all hepatitis C treatments.
- Ensure appropriate patient regimen based on disease severity, genotype, and patient comorbidities.

## **Length of Authorization:**

- 8-16 weeks

## **Requires PA:**

All direct-acting antivirals for treatment of Hepatitis C

| <b>Approval Criteria</b>  |                      |  |
|---|----------------------|--|
| 1. What diagnosis is being treated?   | Record ICD10 code.   |  |
| 2. Is the request for treatment of chronic Hepatitis C infection (B18.2)?     | <b>Yes:</b> Go to #3 | <b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness. |
| 3. Is expected survival from non-HCV-associated morbidities more than 1 year? | <b>Yes:</b> Go to #4 | <b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness. |

## Approval Criteria

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| <p>4. Has <u>all</u> of the following pre-treatment testing been documented:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Genotype testing in past 3 years is required if the patient has cirrhosis, <u>any</u> prior treatment experience, and if prescribed a regimen which is not pan-genotypic;</li> <li>Baseline HCV RNA level in past 6 months;</li> <li>Current HBV status of patient</li> <li>Pregnancy test in past 30 days for a woman of child-bearing age; <u>and</u></li> <li>History of previous HCV treatment and outcome</li> <li>Presence or absence of cirrhosis as clinically determined (e.g., clinical, laboratory, or radiologic evidence)?</li> </ol> <p>Note: Direct-acting antiviral agents can re-activate hepatitis B in some patients. Patients with history of HBV should be monitored carefully during and after treatment for flare-up of hepatitis. Prior to treatment with a DAA, all patients should be tested for HBsAG, HBsAb, and HBcAB status. HIV testing is also recommended, and modification of HIV or HCV treatment regimens may be necessary if there are significant drug-drug interactions.</p> | <p><b>Yes:</b> Record results of each test and go to #5</p> <p>Note: If the patient has HIV or HBV co-infection, it is highly recommended that a specialist be consulted prior to treatment.</p> <p>Currently treatment is not recommended during pregnancy due to lack of safety and efficacy data</p> | <p><b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Request updated testing.</p>  |
| <p>5. Which regimen is requested?</p>   | <p>Document and go to #6</p>  |  |
| <p>6. Does the patient have clinical, radiologic or laboratory evidence of complications of cirrhosis (ascites, portal hypertension, hepatic encephalopathy, hepatocellular carcinoma, esophageal varices)?</p>   | <p><b>Yes:</b> Go to #7</p>   | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #8</p>   |
| <p>7. Is the regimen prescribed by, OR is the patient in the process of establishing care with or in consultation with a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious disease specialist?</p>  | <p><b>Yes:</b> Go to #8</p>   | <p><b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.</p> <p>Recommend prescriber document referral to a specialist prior to initiating treatment.</p> |

## Approval Criteria

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| <p>8. Is there attestation that the patient and provider will comply with case management to promote the best possible outcome for the patient and adhere to monitoring requirements required by the Oregon Health Authority, including measuring and reporting of a post-treatment viral load?</p> <p>Case management includes assessment of treatment barriers and offer of patient support to mitigate potential barriers to regimen adherence as well as facilitation of SVR12 evaluation to assess treatment success.</p> | <p><b>Yes:</b> Go to #9</p>   | <p><b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.</p> |
| <p>9. Is the prescribed drug:<br/> a) Elbasvir/grazoprevir for GT 1a infection; <u>or</u><br/> b) Daclatasvir + sofosbuvir for GT 3 infection?</p>   | <p><b>Yes:</b> Go to #10</p>  | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #11</p>                                   |
| <p>10. Has the patient had a baseline NS5a resistance test that documents a resistant variant to one of the agents in #16?</p> <p>Note: Baseline NS5A resistance testing is required.</p>  | <p><b>Yes:</b> Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness</p>                      | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #11</p> <p>Document test and result.</p>  |
| <p>11. Does the prescribed regimen include a NS3/4a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir)?</p>  | <p><b>Yes:</b> Go to #12</p>  | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #13</p>                                   |
| <p>12. Does the patient have moderate-severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or Child-Pugh C)?</p>  | <p><b>Yes:</b> Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness</p>                      | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #13</p>                                   |
| <p>13. Is the prescribed regimen for the retreatment after failure of a DAA due to noncompliance or loss of follow-up?</p>   | <p><b>Yes:</b> Pass to RPh; Deny and refer to medical director for review</p> | <p><b>No:</b> Go to #14</p>                                   |

## Approval Criteria

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| 14. Is the prescribed drug regimen a recommended regimen based on the patient's genotype, treatment status (retreatment or treatment naïve) and cirrhosis status (see <b>Table 1</b> )? | <b>Yes:</b> Approve for 8-16 weeks based on duration of treatment indicated for approved regimen | <b>No:</b> Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness. |
|---|--|--|

**Table 1: Recommended Treatment Regimens for Chronic Hepatitis C.**

| Treatment History                                     | Cirrhosis Status                       | Recommended Regimen  |
|---|--|--|
| <b>Genotype 1</b>                                     |  |  |
| DAA-Treatment naïve                                   | Non-cirrhotic                          | EBV/GZR x 12 weeks**<br>SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks        |
|   | Compensated Cirrhosis                  | EBV/GZR x 12 weeks**<br>SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks       |
|   | Decompensated Cirrhosis                | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 week  |
| Treatment experienced (Prior PEG/RBV)                 | Non-cirrhotic                          | EBV/GZR x 12 weeks**<br>SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks        |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | EBV/GRZ 12weeks**<br>SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks          |
| Treatment Experienced (Prior sofosbuvir)              | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                               |
| Treatment Experienced (Prior NS3A/4A inhibitor)       | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>EBV/GZR + RBV x 12 weeks**<br>G/P x 12 weeks |
| Treatment Experienced (prior NS5A-containing regimen) | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | G/P x 16 weeks   |
| <b>Genotype 2</b>                                     |  |  |
| Naïve   | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks                                |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                               |
|   | Decompensated                          | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks   |
| Treatment Experienced (prior PEG/RBV)                 | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks                                |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                               |

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Treatment Experienced (SOF + RBV)                                   | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                       |
| Treatment Experienced (prior NS5A-containing regimen)               | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks                                     |
| <b>Genotype 3</b>   |  |  |
| Naïve   | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL X 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks                        |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                 |
|   | Decompensated Cirrhosis                | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks                                   |
| Treatment Experienced (prior PEG/RBV only)                          | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 16 weeks                       |
| Treatment Experienced (SOF + RBV)                                   | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | G/P x 16 weeks   |
| Experienced (prior NS5A-containing regimen)                         | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks                                     |
| <b>Genotype 4</b>   |  |  |
| Treatment Naïve   | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>EBV/GZR x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks  |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>EBV/GZR x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks |
|   | Decompensated Cirrhosis                | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 week                                    |
| Treatment Experienced (prior PEG/RBV only)                          | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>EBV/GZR x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks  |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>EBV/GZR x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks |
| Treatment Experienced (prior NS5A-containing regimen OR sofosbuvir) | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks                                     |
| <b>Genotype 5/6</b>   |  |  |
| Treatment Naïve or Experienced (prior PEG-IFN/RBV only)             | Non-cirrhotic                          | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 8 weeks                        |
|   | Compensated cirrhosis                  | SOF/VEL x 12 weeks<br>G/P x 12 weeks                       |
|   | Decompensated cirrhosis                | SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks                                   |
| Experienced (prior NS5A-containing regimen OR sofosbuvir)           | Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis | SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks                                     |

Abbreviations: CTP = Child-Turcotte-Pugh; DAA = direct acting antiviral; EBV/GZR = elbasvir/grazoprevir; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; PEG = pegylated interferon; RAV = resistance-associated variant; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; SOF/VEL/VOX = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir

\*\*No baseline NS5A RAVs. For genotype 1a patients with baseline NS5A RAVs, extend duration to 16 weeks.

‡Evidence is insufficient if the addition of RBV may benefit subjects with GT3 and cirrhosis. If RBV is not used with regimen, then baseline RAV testing should be done prior to treatment to rule out the Y93 polymorphism.

^ Rarely, genotyping assays may indicate the presence of a mixed infection (e.g., genotypes 1a and 2). Treatment data for mixed genotypes with direct-acting antivirals are limited. However, in these cases, a pangenotypic regimen is appropriate.

Ribavirin-containing regimens are absolutely contraindicated in pregnant women and in the male partners of women who are pregnant. Documented use of two forms of birth control in patients and sex partners for whom a ribavirin containing regimen is chosen is required.

Regimens other than glecaprevir/pibrentasvir (G/P;) and elbasvir/grazoprevir (EBV/GZR) should not be used in patients with severe renal impairment (GRF < 30 mL/min) or end stage renal disease requiring dialysis.

All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).

There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

P&T Review: 1/19; 11/18; 9/18 (MH); 1/18; 9/17; 9/16; 1/16; 5/15; 3/15; 1/15; 9/14;

Implementation: 1/14 3/1/2019; 1/1/2019; 3/1/2018; 1/1/2018; 2/12/16; 4/15; 1/15

| GenericName                         | GenericName Abbreviation | Brand Name     |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| elbasvir/grazoprevir                | EBV/GZR                  | Zepatier       |
| glecaprevir and pibrentasvir        | G/P                      | Mavyret        |
| sofosbuvir/velpatasvir              | SOF/VEL                  | Eplusa         |
| sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir | SOF/VEL/VOX              | Vosevi         |
| ribavirin                           | RBV                      |                |
| sofosbuvir                          | SOF                      | Sovaldi        |
| pegylated interferon                | PEG                      | PEG-Interferon |